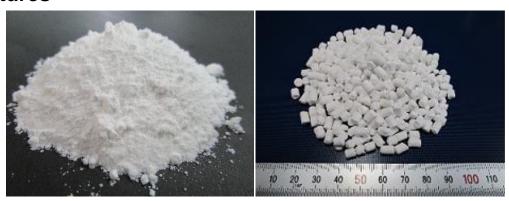
New Heat Storage Material [HASClay TM]

Features



HASClay[™] is an inorganic porous clay-based material. It is composed of amorphous aluminum silicate and low crystallization clay.

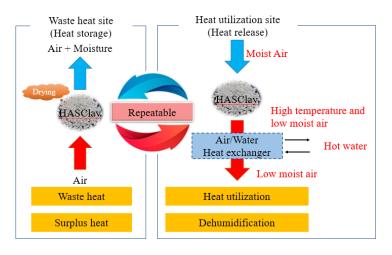
Item	Adsorbent heat storage (High performance grade)	Adsorbent heat storage (General-purpose grade)
Bland	HASClay GI- K (powder) GI- Z (pellet)	HASClay GII- K (powder) GII- Z (pellet)
Heat storage density (Ideal)	Above 1,400 kJ/kg	Above 1,000 kJ/kg
Heat storage density	Above 700 kJ/L	Above 500 kJ/L
Used temperature	80°C∼120°C	
SSA (N ₂ adsorption)	Above 700 m²/g	Above 550 m²/g
Remarks	Performance and service life vary depending on usage.	

HASClay has higher heat storage density than other materials. It can use waste heat about 100°C and various usage.

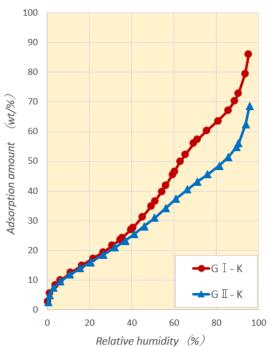
The heat dissipation temperature varies depending on the waste air temperature used for drying, the humidity taken in during heat dissipation and the airflow rate.

Principle of heat storage and heat release

HASclay stores heat when dried and generates heat by adsorbing moisture.



- ✓ Heat storage of HASClay can support your saving energy and reducing CO2 emissions.
- ✓ There is no heat loss during storage.
- ✓ It can be used as a desiccant material.



Water vapor adsorption isotherms of various adsorbent.

Target market

Waste heat site Drying adsorbent Boiler Paper and linen supply industry Warm-bathing facility Engine exhaust gas Green house Drying woods and biomass material Incinerator Drying ingredients and productions Power plant Painting process

Operation example



Our plant has a new heat storage system that uses waste heat and moist air from the product drying facility.